

## Math 477, Final Exam Practice Sheet

- Given 4 randomly chosen people,
  - what is the probability that they are all born on different days of the week?
  - Let  $X$  be the random variable representing the number of pairs of people born on the same day of the week. Find  $E[X]$ .
- Suppose a random variable  $X$  represents the result of a die roll (possible values 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6), and  $Y$  is the random variable which is 0 if the result of the roll is even and 1 if it is odd.  
Compute the covariance  $Cov(X, Y)$ .
- Suppose that a person under 10 years of age has a 15% chance of having their shoelaces untied, and a person 10 years of age or older has a 3% chance of having their shoelaces untied. If 15% of the population is under the age of 10, what is the probability that a person is under the age of 10 given that their shoelaces are untied?
- Suppose  $X$  is a random variable with probability density function  $f(x) = 2 - 2x$  for  $0 \leq x \leq 1$ .
  - Compute the moment generating function for  $X$ .
  - Compute  $Var(X)$ .
- Suppose  $X$  and  $Y$  are random variables with  $Var(X) = 4$ ,  $Var(Y) = 1$  and  $Var(X - Y) = 3$ . Is it possible that  $X$  and  $Y$  are independent? Why or why not?
- Suppose that we are given a die which is possibly not fair, and that we don't know the likelihood of any of the results  $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}$ . Let  $X$  be the random variable representing the result of a roll. If we know that  $E[X] = 3$ , show that  $P(X = 6) \leq 1/2$ .
- Let  $\Phi(x) = \int_{-\infty}^x \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-t^2/2}$  be the cumulative distribution function of the unit normal random variable.  
Suppose that a coin is flipped 1000 times, and let  $X$  be the number of heads. Use the central limit theorem to estimate the probability that  $X < 550$ . You may give your answer in terms of  $\Phi$ .
- Let  $X$  be a random variable with mean  $\mu$  and variance  $\sigma^2$ . Show that  $P(|X - \mu| > 2\sigma) \leq 1/4$ .
- Suppose that the temperature (in Fahrenheit) on a given day is a random variable given by a uniform distribution on  $[0, 100]$ . In a sequence of 7 days, what is the expected number of days which are colder than the day before them?
- Suppose that the temperature (in Fahrenheit) on a given day is a random variable given by a uniform distribution on  $[0, 100]$ . What is the probability that the temperature on a given day is colder than both the day before and the day after.
- Suppose that the temperature (in Fahrenheit) on a given day is a random variable given by a uniform distribution on  $[0, 100]$ . If the temperature on day 2 is colder than day 1, what is the probability that the temperature on day 2 is also colder than on day 3?
- On a given day, the expected number of times that I forget something important is 3. Suppose that this is described by a Poisson random variable.
  - What is the probability that on a given day I forget 5 things?
  - What is the probability that on a given day I forget 5 things if we know that I have forgotten at least 4 things?
- Suppose that on day 1,  $3n$  people are divided up into  $n$  teams of 3 people each. On day 2, the people are randomly re-assigned into possibly different teams of 3, any grouping being equally likely.  
Let  $X$  be the number of people who have some teammate in common on both day 1 and day 2. What is the expected value of  $X$ ?